

Region: Piedmont

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PRESENTER: Matteo De Felice

INSTITUTION: Piedmont Region - Department of Regional system

competitiveness







Territorial Context and Background



- ✓ Population: 4,440,000 inhabitants
- ✓ Area 25,402 square kilometres
- ✓ Density: 169 inhab./Km²
- ✓ 8 Provinces
- √ 1.206 Municipalities

- ✓ Over 200 private and public R&D centers
- √ 380 laboratories
- √ 4 universities
- ✓ 6 science and technology parks
- √ 12 innovation clusters



- √ 469,000 enterprises
- ✓ € 126,8 billion GDP (8,07% of national total)



- ✓ R&D intensity 1,82% (% GDP invested in R&D, public + private funds)
- ✓ 27,310 R&D employees







Industrial Sectors

Piedmont is characterised by a significant industrial tradition, with a specialisation on the automotive industry - FIAT (FCA) is the largest Italian company. Large firms and SMEs coexist forming strong and thick value chains.

pininfarina GIUGIARO

IVECO



Piedmont is also home to an important aerospace sector With the first aero engine development in 1908 and the first flying prototype in 1909, the Italian aerospace industry was born in Piedmont.









Piedmont is famous for its agricoltural and texitile industries

Ermenegildo Zegna 🚜







In recent years, new specialisations have emerged, for instance in ICT, telecommunications and service sector which also significantly contribute to the regional GDP.







Regional cluster policy 2009-2015

New industrial policy tool to support innovative skills and competitiveness of regional research system

INNOVATION CLUSTERS: Groupings of independent undertakings – innovative start ups, small medium and large undertakings as well as research organisation

OBJECTIVES: promoting intensive interactions, common use of facilities and exchange of knowledge, contributing on transferring technologies and networking among associated members

№12 innovation clusters set up in 2009 on 12 technological domains and regional areas

Each cluster is located in a specific geographical area on the basis of territorial traditional vocation, however each Cluster operates at regional scale and on a whole regional context

Technological domains 2009-2015		
Agrifood	Biotechnologies and biomedical	
Digital creativity and multimedia	ICT	
Mechatronic and advanced manufacturing system	Renewable energy and Mini hydro plants	
Renewable energy and bio fuels	Renewable energy system and components	
New materials	Sustainable architecture and hydrogen	
Sustainable chemistry	Textile	







Regional cluster policy 2009-2015

Cluster Organisations

➤ A manager organisation has been identified by Region for each cluster through the submission of an activity program covering a time horizon of 5 years

Clusters can be established as a consortium or Temporary Associations for that purpose, involving companies (small, medium and large), research organisations an centres and others actors of regional research and innovation system

Financial resources

Up to 50% public funding + fees + services

Funding procedures

Support to cluster management organisation (CMO) for investments and operating costs (marketing of the cluster, training programs, workshops):

10,2 M€ for the period 2009-2015

Funding to the associated members for R&D projects, feasibility studies and qualified services

121M€ for the period 2009-2015

Number and Typology of Affiliated Members:

≥1463 members

≥1234 SME

▶ 141 Large companies

№8 others (research organisations, universities)







Regional cluster policy 2016-2020

OBJECTIVES: Strengthening innovation clusters

> Improving international ranking (both for CMO and associated members)

Strengthening relationaship with national and European cluster

> Improving CMO ability in supporting enterprises to European direct funding access

increase large enterprises involvement

Strategic priorities of the clusters	
improve innovation capacity	
Support new entrepreneurship	
Training skill development	
Explore new business opportunities	
marketing and branding	
internationalization	
improve structural condition	
cluster development	

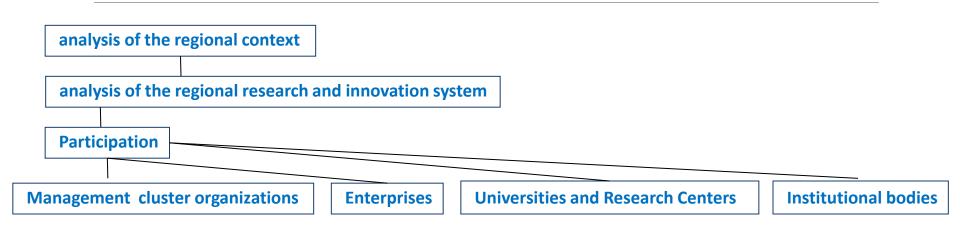
Technological domains 2016-2020		
Agrifood		
Energy and clean technologies		
Green Chemistry		
ICT		
Life Sciences		
Smart products and manufacturing		
Textile		







Territorial RIS3 - PROCESS



CLUSTER ORGANISATION'S ROLE

the cluster management organizations have been fundamental players among the stakeholders involved in process and played a key role in the definition of the priorities of the RIS3.

All the cluster management organizations have been involved in the process of participation both through meetings and the submission of a questionnaire. They were asked to highlight the technological area of specialisation in which they act; sub-sectors and market niches referred to market applications and foremost domains within the specialisation area; key enabling technologies related to the specialisation area; impacts and crosscutting ways; strengths and future trends







Territorial RIS3

Smart Trajectory

Smart products and processes
Use of ICT and KETs

innovation in industrial production system

- •Aerospace,
- Automotive,
- Mechatronics,Made in
- Piedmont
 (agrifood and
 textile),
- Green chemistry
 —cleantech

Resource efficiency Trajectory

Energy saving and Sustainable development

KETs

(Micro-nano electronics, Advanced materials, Biotechnologies, Photonics, Nanotechnologies, Advanced production systems), ICT

Innovation ecosystem

- Skills
- Public administration efficiency
 Digital growth
 - Digital growth
 - Social innovation

innovation for health

Health and Wellbeing

Biotechnologies







Regional Partner's Contribution & Expectations

Contributions (Experiences & Competences)	Goals & Expectations
1 Cluster policy	Improve and compare regional policy
2 Cluster management organizations	Cluster internationalisation
3 Funding procedures	Evaluation and monitoring







Thanks for your attention



MATTEO DE FELICE

matteo.defelice@regione.piemonte.it